Hines (SB 245) Act No. 1391

<u>Present constitution</u> (Art. III, Section 2(A)) provides that the legislature shall meet annually in regular session. Provides that, during any regular session, any bill to be introduced must be prefiled no later than 5 p.m. of the Friday before the first day of the session. Permits each member of the legislature to introduce not more than five bills which were not prefiled. (The legislature is authorized to provide for exceptions to this limitation by joint rule.) <u>Present constitution</u> (Art. XIII, Section 1) provides that a constitutional amendment must be prefiled at least 10 days prior to the regular session at which it is to be considered.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes the prefiling deadline for bills (not constitutional amendments) to 5 p.m. on the Wednesday prior to the first day of a regular session. <u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> additionally specifies that no regular session shall continue beyond June 30th of any year.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides that in odd-numbered years the regular session convenes at noon on the last Monday in March and that in even-numbered years the regular session convenes at noon on the last Monday in April.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes the convening day in even-numbered years to the third Monday in April.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides that in even-numbered years the length of the regular session is not more than 30 legislative days in a period of 45 calendar days.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes the length of the regular session in even-numbered years to not more than 45 legislative days in a period of 60 calendar days.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> limits payment of per diem to members in regular sessions to 85 days in an odd-numbered year and to 60 days in an even-numbered year.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides that in regular sessions convening in odd-numbered years the deadline for the introduction of bills is midnight of the 30th calendar day.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes that deadline to 6 p.m. of the 23rd calendar day.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides that in regular sessions convening in even-numbered years the deadline for the introduction of bills is midnight of the 10th calendar day.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes that deadline to 6 p.m. of the 10th calendar day.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides that in regular sessions convening in odd-numbered years, the deadline for consideration on third reading and final passage of matters intended to have the effect of law is midnight of the 55th legislative day (except by 2/3 vote of both houses). (NOTE: Measures proposing a suspension of law are not subject to deadline.)

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes that deadline to 6 p.m. of the 57th legislative day or the 82nd calendar day, whichever occurs first (except by 2/3 vote of both houses).

<u>Present constitution</u> provides that in regular session convening in even-numbered years, the deadline for third reading and final passage of matters intended to have the effect of law is midnight of the 27th legislative day (except by 2/3 vote of both houses). (NOTE: Measures proposing a suspension of law are not subject to deadline.)

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes that deadline to 6 p.m. of the 43rd legislative day or the 58th calendar day, whichever occurs first (except by 2/3 vote of both houses).

<u>Present constitution</u> further provides that all regular sessions convening in even-numbered years "shall be restricted to the consideration of legislation which provides for" certain specified matters.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> provides instead that during a regular session convening in an even-numbered year "no matter intended to have the effect of law, including any suspension of law, shall be considered unless its object is to" the same matters as are provided in the <u>present constitution</u> and additionally provides for the consideration in such sessions of legislation if its object is to levy, authorize, increase, decrease, or repeal a fee, or to dedicate revenue, or to enact a local or special law, provided such local or special bill is required to be and has been advertised in accordance with the <u>present constitution</u> and is not otherwise a prohibited local or special law as provided by the <u>present constitution</u>. Additionally, <u>proposed constitutional amendment</u> allows the consideration of five prefiled bills per member which are not within the subject matter jurisdiction for the session.

<u>Present constitution</u>, relative to regular sessions in odd-numbered years, prohibits introduction or enactment of a measure levying or authorizing a new tax by the state or by any statewide political subdivision whose boundaries are coterminous with the state, increasing an existing tax by the state or by any statewide political subdivision whose boundaries are coterminous with the state, or legislating with regard to tax exemptions, exclusions, deductions or credits.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes prohibition in odd-numbered years against legislating with regard to tax exemptions, exclusions, deductions, or credits by making it applicable only to such measures which result in or have the effect of an increase in tax liability.

Proposed constitutional amendment allows the legislature to modify by joint rule adopted by a 2/3 vote, the provisions of the constitution relating to legislative sessions, except for the restrictions on the number of legislative days in a regular session, the fact that the legislature meets in annual regular sessions, the definition of a legislative day, the fact that a regular session cannot continue beyond June 30th of any year, the limit on the number of days per diem may be paid to members during regular sessions, and the subject matter restrictions for each session.

Provides for submission of the proposed amendment to the voters at the gubernatorial primary election in 1999 and specifies that it shall be the first ballot proposition for constitutional

amendments to appear on the ballot for such election.

(Amends Const. Art. III, §2(A))